Welcome

Cardiac Rehabilitation Program "Hearts In Motion"

A program designed to provide quality care to the adult patient who may be in varying stages of cardiovascular disease

Introduction

Kincardine

Family Health Team



Cardiac Rehabilitation Program

Cardiac Rehabilitation Programs

- * Emphasize prevention strategies targeted at reducing the major risk factors associated with heart disease
- Designed to help patients and families achieve or maintain a heart healthy lifestyle

Core Components

Education



Exercise



Education

Education has benefits



Education helps you to gain the knowledge and skills to manage your condition on a day to day basis

Cardiac Rehabilitation



"In order to learn people need to participate"

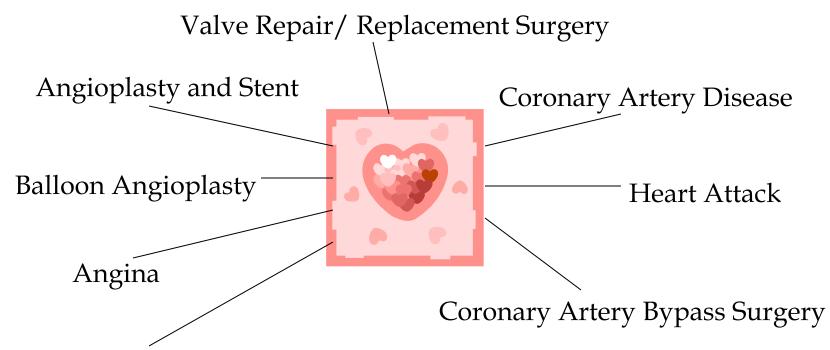
Your questions are important!



Family members may attend all group education classes and all individual assessments

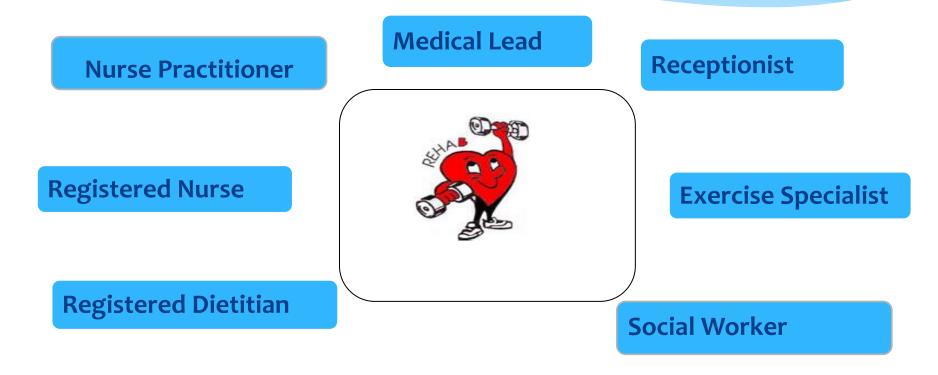
Cardiac Rehab Participants

All participants in the cardiac rehab program have experienced a change in heart health within the past 2 years.



Pre and Post Heart Transplant Surgery

Cardiac Rehab Team



As the participant you are at the center

It is the sum of all these parts which makes the program a success!

Education Series

* Delivered by members of the Cardiac Rehab Team (Nurse, Dietician, Exercise Therapist, Nurse Practitioner and Social Worker)

Topics:

- * Introduction to the Program
- * The Risk Factors and Heart Disease
- * Exercise for a Healthy Heart
- * Managing Stress and Depression
- * Medications for a Healthy Heart
- * Diet for a Healthy Heart

Education Series

- Participants are encouraged to attend all education classes
- * The clinic secretary will reschedule a class if missed or a repeat visit is requested
- * While attending education classes
 - * There are 4 additional individual appointments to schedule prior to starting the exercise program

Refer to "Pink" appointment sheet provided

Getting Started

- Bring the "pink" appointment sheet to clinic secretary to schedule your appointments
- Appointments can be also be scheduled by telephone
- Refer to program address and telephone number at top of sheet

EXERCISE

The first step

Attend exercise class

Exercise twice per week -1 hour - 4 months

Monday and Wednesday

"Pink Sheet" Appointments

Individual assessment times are scheduled with:

- 1.The Nurse or Nurse Practitioner
- 2. Exercise Stress Test
- 3.Exercise Therapist
- 4.The Dietitian

Schedule the appointments during the first week of education classes

Refer to the "pink" Sheet

- * Time required for each appointment
- * Preparation for each appointment

"Blue Sheet"

Managing Stress and Depression

Important for physical and emotional recovery

Key-Recognize it

- * Is it Stress?
- * Is it Depression?

Assessment Tool

- * What are my stress symptoms
- * HAD scale (Blue Sheet)

Review and discuss your result at Nursing Assessment

Cardiac Rehab Program

- * Regular attendance is tracked at all visits

 Planned absence (appointments, vacation): inform staff
 directly or telephone message is acceptable
- A call of concern will be placed if program is not informed of absence
- Discharge due to noncompliance will be considered if no reply to call of concern after 3 weeks
- Inform staff of any change in medical status or medication

The program will be extended due to unstable status or change in medical condition

Conclusion

- * Scent Free Policy
- * Facilities
- * Water to replace fluid, a small towel if desired
- * Footwear
- * Hand hygiene
- * Clean Equipment
- * Change in health status (colds, flu, unwell)
- * Change in medication or treatment

Thank you...

Questions?

Presentation material is available at

www.smgh.ca

Regional Cardiac Care Center



Cardiac Rehabilitation Program "Hearts In Motion"

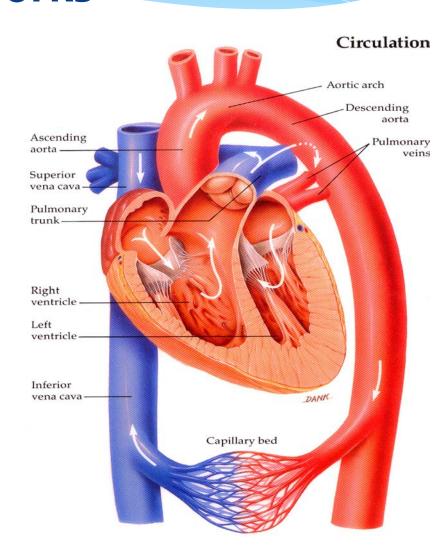
Your Heart and Risk Factors



The Heart and How It Works

The heart is a muscle The heart is a pump

A pump with a big job to do!



The Heart and How It Works

- * The heart is vital to life
- * The heart pumps blood through blood vessels called arteries

* Oxygen is carried in the blood delivered to every

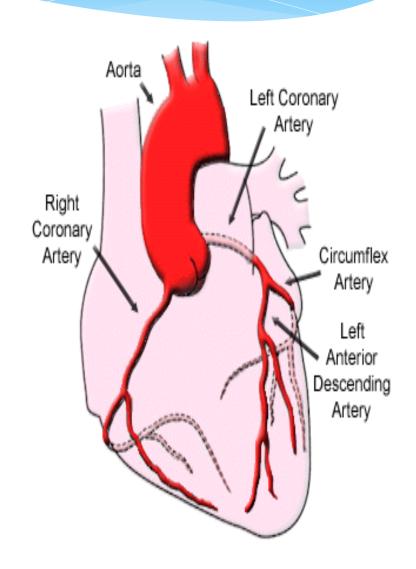
cell of the body



Coronary Arteries

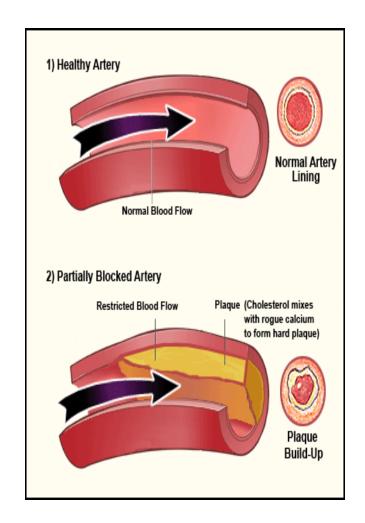
The heart has its own arteries to feed the heart muscle

The Coronary Arteries



How Your Heart Works

Coronary Artery Disease
(Heart Disease) occurs when
these arteries become
narrowed or blocked with
a build up of fatty deposits
called plaque.



What is Angina

When the arteries are narrowed, the blood cannot flow freely through them

Angina is a symptom

Squeezing

Pressure

Tightness

Burning



Shortness of breath

Banding sensation

Heaviness in the chest

Toothache

Feelings of nausea

Angina

Symptoms can be different for women

- Fatigue
- Nausea
- Shortness of breath
- Shoulder pain

Symptoms often ignored

Know what to report to the Doctor



Is It Angina or Heart Attack?

Angina

- * Is brought on by a brief period of poor blood supply to the heart muscle
- * Does not cause permanent damage to the heart
- * Symptoms last just a few minutes and are usually relieved by rest and/or medications. Symptoms include chest pain or discomfort, shortness of breath, palpitations, faster heart rate, dizziness, nausea, extreme weakness and sweating.
- * Symptoms are relieved by rest and/or medications within a few minutes
- * Does not require emergency medical attention; however, it is important to call your doctor if this is the first time you've experienced angina, if you have new symptoms or if they become more frequent or severe

Heart Attack

- * Heart Attack
- * Onset with exertion or rest
- The blood supply to the heart muscle is blocked
- Results in permanent damage to the heart muscle
- * Chest pain or discomfort that lasts for more than a few minutes
- * Difficulty breathing or shortness of breath; sweating, fullness, indigestion or choking feeling; nausea or vomiting; light-headedness; extreme weakness; anxiety; rapid or irregular heartbeats
- * Symptoms are not relieved by rest or oral medications
- Requires immediate emergency attention" 911"

Coronary Artery Disease

Diagnosis:

- Medical history (your history)
- * Electrocardiogram (EKG)
- Exercise Stress Test (EST)
- * Angiogram- Angioplasty (PCI)
- * Bypass Surgery (CABG)
- Other surgical intervention (Valve, aneurysm)

How Your Heart Works

- * Heart disease is the number 1 cause of death and disability in Canada and worldwide.
- * 1 in 4 Canadians suffers from some form of heart disease.

The Good News:

There <u>are</u> things you can do to prevent or delay the process

Manage Heart Disease

Learn about the factors that increase your risk



Risk Factors

Lifestyle behaviors

8/10 Canadians have at least one of the major cardiovascular risk factors

The choices we make on a day to day basis

Risk factors we cannot change

- * Age
- * Gender
- * Family History



You are more likely to develop heart disease if your parents had it themselves and particularly if before age 55. (premature heart disease)



Manage the underlying factors that can be changed to reduce risk

<u>Prevention - a lifelong goal</u>

Risk factors we can change

- * High Blood Pressure
- * Unhealthy Cholesterol Levels
- * Excess Weight and Obesity
- * Diabetes
- * Smoking
- * Stress



Loressure



The "Silent Killer"

- Usually no symptoms or early warning signs until damage is already done to the body
- Blood pressure that goes up and stays up on several occasions greater than 140/90 is called high blood pressure or hypertension

High Blood Pressure

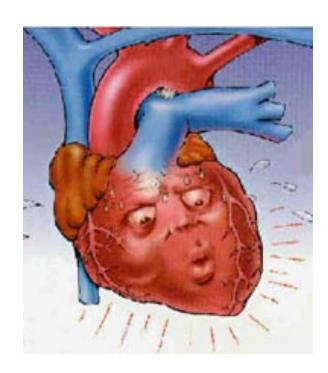
- * The heart works harder
- * High blood pressure damages blood vessels

The Good News- Cardiac Rehab

- Blood Pressure Education
- Blood pressure will be monitored

Counseling:

- * Diet
- * Exercise
- * Medication



Cholesterol



Your body needs cholesterol

The amount and type of cholesterol in your blood can affect your heart health

Coronary artery Plaque Enlarged view of coronary artery

HDL: The healthy (good) cholesterol LDL: The unhealthy (bad) cholesterol

Cholesterol becomes unhealthy when the different types are unbalanced

shalesterol

The Good News:Cardiac Rehab

- Blood Cholesterol Education
- * Blood Cholesterol Review

Counseling

- * Diet
- * Exercise
- * Medication





Pre-Diabetes –At Risk of Diabetes

* Blood sugar levels are higher than normal but not yet high enough to be diagnosed as diabetes

* Normal Range: 4.0-6.0

* Pre-Diabetes: 6.1-6.9

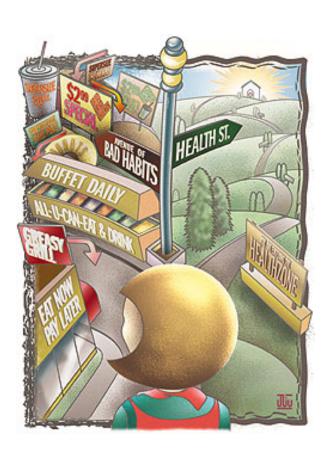
* Diabetes: >7.0 (2 tests - Fasting)

The Good News:

There are things you can do to prevent diabetes or delay its onset



hates



Making important choices today will help improve your health tomorrow

The Good News- Cardiac Rehab

Counseling Diet

Exercise



Diabetes is a condition that can have a serious impact on your health

- * Type 2 Diabetes occurs when the body loses its ability to convert the blood sugar into energy
- * The energy cannot get into the cells which leaves a build up of sugar in the blood

- * 2 million Canadians are affected
- * Prevalence in Ontario has jumped by 69% over past 10 years

There is no known single cause but certain factors increase the risk



The Good News:

There are things you can do to prevent or delay the process and reduce your risk of complications

Testing blood sugar levels is very important

Cardiac Rehab – Safe Exercise Parameters

- * Bring Glucometer to all exercise classes
- * Self test:
 - * Pre Exercise: < 14
 - * Post Exercise: > 4

(SMGH Hypoglycemia protocol)



Diabetes Education

The more you know about diabetes the better you will be able to prevent it or manage it if it has developed

Manage (A,B,C's)

A A1C

B Blood Pressure

C Cholesterol

Diet Exercise



Medication

Waight

- * Excess weight is a growing health concern
- * 60% of Canadians struggle with excess weight



Waight

Adults who carry excess weight have a greater chance of:

- High Blood Pressure
- Unhealthy Cholesterol
- Diabetes
- Heart Disease



Weight

The Good News- Cardiac Rehab

Learn your healthy weight

- * Body Mass Index
- * Body Composition

Counseling
Diet
Exercise







Ling

* Smoking affects your health and the health of your family



Quitting smoking

The single most important thing you can do for your health

Ling

Understand the forces behind the behavior

```
H Highly
A Addictive
B Behavior
I Intensely practiced over
T Time
```

"In order to quit, we need to develop a program that is stronger than the program to smoke" (former smoker)

smoking

The Good News- Cardiac Rehab

- Quitting smoking means immediate benefits to your health
- * The day you have your last cigarette, your body begins to heal itself

It's never too late



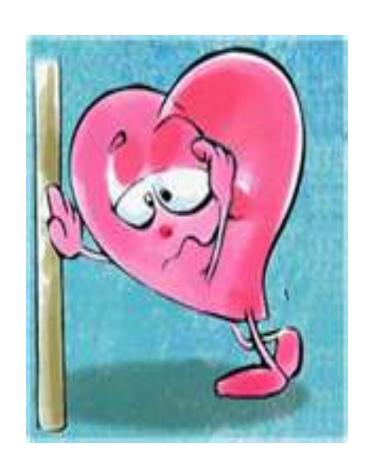
Smoking

<u>Cardiac rehabilitation program</u> provides the resource of <u>support to</u> increase readiness to quit smoking and maintain smoking cessation throughout participation in the program





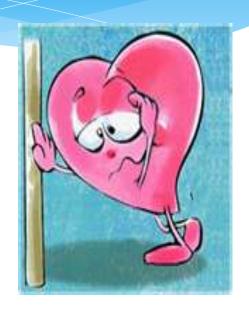




It is now well established that stress and depression are linked to an increase in risk for cardiac disease "The everyday experience of strain, time pressure and tensions of coping with the demands of everyday life"

Recognize it and react in <u>a healthy</u> manner.

The best defense is a heart healthy lifestyle.





cion



Depression is serious

<u>Depression can make it difficult to follow</u> <u>recommendations for healthy lifestyle changes</u>

HAD scale

Treatment is safe and effective

You deserve to feel better

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<u>Cardiac rehab</u> provides support to assist you to appropriate resource for counseling



Acknowledge your feelings

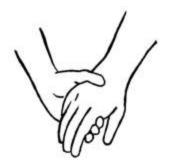


Share your feelings with someone



Know when and where to seek help







bilitation

Today, cardiac rehabilitation is endorsed internationally as the standard of care for all patients with cardiovascular disease

... the enhancement and maintenance of cardiovascular health through individualized programs designed to optimize physical, psychological, social, vocational and emotional status.



Healthy Eating is a Lifesaver

The Good News- Cardiac Rehab

- * Group education
- * Individual counseling



Exercise



Physical Activity and Exercise is a lifesaver

It is never too late to start.



The Good News- Cardiac Rehab

- Group education
- * Individual counseling



Changing any behavior is a process - it doesn't happen overnight

It may seem like a lot of changes



The Good News - Cardiac Rehab Support to determine and realize individual goals

Soals

Plan your way Set yourself up for success



- * S: Smart Choose the right goal
- * M: Measurable Set a realistic target
- * A: Achievable within reach
- * R: Realistic Do-able plan for the unforeseen
- * T: Timely Timeframe Day, Week, Month...

Setting Goals



"When you see in your mind's eye what you want to achieve, it becomes a self fulfilling prophecy"

LVQU

Questions?



This presentation has been developed by the Cardiac Rehabilitation staff at the Regional Cardiac Care Center of St. Mary's General Hospital, Kitchener, Ontario

